

Shire of Katanning

Non-potable strategic community water supplies plan

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For more information about this plan, contact:

Rural Water Planning, 1800 780 300

Cover photograph: 4 Dams (sale yards), Shire of Katanning

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Summary

Water supply planning is essential in rural areas and requires collaboration, involvement and participation from all stakeholders, including farmland communities, local government authorities (LGAs) and State Government agencies as part of an integrated approach to sustainable water supply for the future.

This plan provides information for the Shire and farmers on the location of strategic community water supplies (SCWS). It advises how to access non-potable water for emergency stock watering and firefighting purposes, including what facilities are available at each site.

Introduction

Over the past 40 years, recurrent water supply problems have affected the dryland agricultural region. Emerging climate changes are likely to increase the occurrences of low rainfall years, resulting in water shortages and restrictions in rural communities.

Facing long-term water security challenges, farmers are encouraged to proactively develop and maintain on-farm water infrastructure to better prepare for dry periods.

Rural water planning recognises the importance of preparing for these events and increasing the opportunities to deliver an assured water supply to farmland communities in the dryland agriculture areas of Western Australia (WA).

SCWS planning is one of the key roles of the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation's (the department's) rural water program. The aim is to safeguard dryland agricultural areas wherever possible against serious water deficiencies.

While landholder self-sufficiency must remain the primary objective, the rural water program recognises the importance of emergency off-farm water supplies to farming communities. It also builds on the SCWS network across the dryland agricultural area through the community water supplies partnership (CWSP) program and the agricultural areas (AA) Dam works program.

Both programs establish and improve non-potable water supplies with an aim to ensure water is available for emergency livestock watering, firefighting and for other farm needs. The CWSP program also aims to reduce reliance on potable scheme water supplies for non-potable needs and to increase water availability for public amenities such as sportsgrounds.

This SCWS plan has been compiled for the Shire of Katanning to provide a clear description of each of the SCWS in the Shire available for firefighting purposes, and to farmers and farming communities in times of emergency.

Strategic community water supplies and AA Dams

A network of SCWS has been developed across WA's dryland agricultural areas to provide an important source of non-potable water for farming and firefighting needs.

These supplies are for emergency use in times when low rainfall causes on-farm supplies to become depleted and farmers need to travel to access water for livestock and essential farming purposes.

Vesting of the strategic dams and bores in each LGA varies, with some sites owned by government agencies (including the department), Water Corporation, the LGA itself, or by private entities where an agreement has been made to allow access.

It is important that these water supplies are carefully managed to ensure water is available during times of emergency.

The department keeps in regular contact with rural communities to monitor the condition of SCWS, and identify and address any maintenance issues.

Each year, the department's rural water program undertakes works to maintain and upgrade sites vested with it, and sites in priority areas vulnerable to dry conditions.

AA Dams have been developed since the early 1990s to provide water and support the growth of farming in the dryland agricultural area. There are about 480 of the original 681 AA Dams that range from high value to no value in terms of their condition and serviceability.

SCWS are a subset of the AA Dams that are reliable, in good to excellent repair and retain a high value. The department uses LGA maps to determine which sites are worth upgrading and to identify priority areas to develop new SCWS.

Figure 1 shows the location of the strategic community supplies and AA Dams in the Shire of Katanning, with symbols indicating the capacity, vesting and values of each site.

Shire of Katanning map

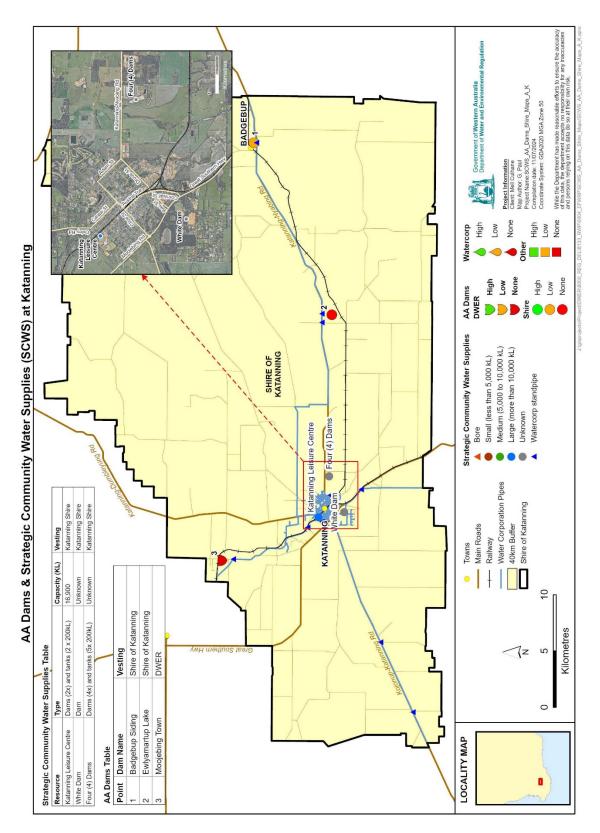


Figure 1 Location of strategic community water supplies (at 11 July 2024)

Strategic community water supply access

Overview of different fill points

Each SCWS will have a fill point to allow access to water supply for agricultural purposes. Each fill point will have a camlock fitting. Standard sizes of camlocks include 50 mm (2 inch), 80 mm (3 inch) fitting and, in some cases, a 100 mm (4 inch) connection is fitted for firefighting purposes. These camlock fittings will be available where there is a tank, standpipe, swipe card system or bore fill point. When accessing water directly from dams without tank storage, you will need to bring your own pump to extract water.

Swipe card systems

Swipe card systems are metered fill points that require a swipe card or fob from your Shire to access the water supply. Contact your local Shire office to obtain a swipe card to access these water supplies.

During emergencies such as bushfires, the Shire can provide access to water supplies. The emergency access contact is the Shire office 9821 9999 or Manager Works and Services 0408280672.

Farm bots

Some tanks are fitted with farm bots, which regularly record the water level and feed this information into a website. You can access this website at app.farmbot.com.au (Login ID: public.access Password: access1) to view water tank levels for tanks fitted with farm bots.

Below are examples of different fill points you may come across in your Shire.



Tank standard camlock fitting



Farm bot positioned on top of tank



Swipe card standpipe system



Tank, electric swipe card and pump for bore

Shire of Katanning SCWS sites

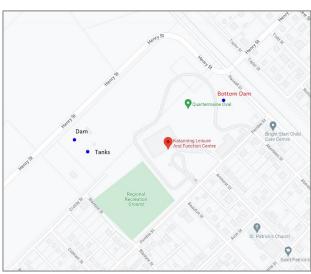
Site name	Location
Katanning Leisure Centre	Standpipe: Hassell Street ~80 m from Henry Street Tanks via Leisure Centre, access off Pemble Street
	~300 m north-east from Hassell Street
White Dam	McLeod Street ~548 m from Great Southern Hwy
4 Dams	Katanning–Nyabing Road ~1.63 km from Adam Street

Description of community water supplies

Katanning Leisure Centre



Aerial view of Katanning Leisure Centre



Location map



Dam at Leisure Centre



Bottom dam & standpipe at Leisure Centre



Tanks located at Leisure Centre filled with Water Corporation reclaimed water



Pump shed

Katanning Leisure Centre site description

Vesting	Shire of Katanning
Purpose	Strategic community water supply for agricultural purposes including emergency stock and fire water
Associated reserve	Lot 100 on plan 411678
Catchment type	Roof and car park
Catchment area (ha)	NA

Location and coordinates

Location: Standpipe: Hassell Street ~ 80 m from Henry Street; Tanks via Leisure Centre, access off Pemble Street ~300 m north-east from Hassell Street

Latitude	-33.6850
Longitude	117.5476
Eastings	550755.869396
Northings	6272635.177630

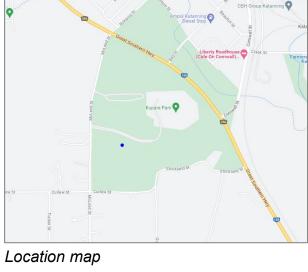
Water supply and access

Structure type	2 x dams
Dam capacity	16,900 kL
Tank storage	2 x 200,000 L, reclaimed water in tanks may not be suitable for stock.
Standpipe Y/N	Yes, east of Quartermaine Oval
Pump Y/N	Yes
Heavy vehicle access	Yes
Turnaround area	Yes, drive through
Supply comments	Catchment from Katanning Leisure Centre roof and car park area. Dam on Hassell St can pump to Henry St as required
Emergency access contact	Contact Manager Works and Services 0408 280 672 to gain access to the standpipe

White Dam



Aerial view of White Dam, Kupara Park





White Dam, Katanning (2017)



White Dam and catchment



White Dam (2024)



Pump shed controller

White Dam site description

Vesting	Shire of Katanning
Purpose	Strategic community water supply for agricultural purposes including emergency stock and fire water
Associated reserve	Reserve 27092
Catchment type	Earth
Catchment area (ha)	6.63 ha

Location and coordinates

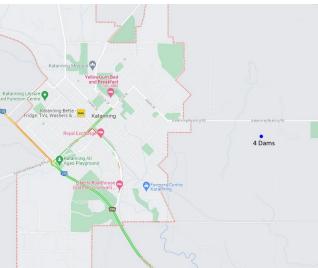
Location: McLeod Street ~548 m from Great Southern Hwy		
Latitude	-33.70554	
Longitude	117.55259	
Eastings	551206.202	
Northings	6270355.352	

Water supply and access

Structure type	Dam
Dam capacity	Unknown
Standpipe Y/N	No
Pump Y/N	No, only transfer pump to tank
Heavy vehicle access	Rigid trucks, yes. Larger trucks, no
Turnaround area	As above
Supply comments	Water can be pumped from 4 Dams to fill up White Dam, if required. Fire units required to pump directly from dam
Emergency access contact	Shire office 9821 9999 or Manager Works and Services 0408 280 672

4 Dams





Aerial view of 4 Dams and catchment areas Location map





1 of 4 Dams



5 x 200,000 L tanks





Pump shed and transfer tank

4 Dams site description

Vesting	Shire of Katanning
Purpose	Strategic community water supply for agricultural purposes including emergency stock and fire water
Associated reserve	Reserve 50922
Catchment type	Roof and bitumen catchment from saleyards
Catchment area (ha)	12.22 ha

Location and coordinates

Location: Katanning-Nyabing Road ~1.63 km from Adam Street		
Latitude	-33.69338	
Longitude	117.58698	
Eastings	554400.685	
Northings	6271686.003	

Water supply and access

Structure type	Dams and small transfer tank
Dam capacity	Unknown
Tank storage	5 x 200,000 L tanks
Standpipe Y/N	No
Pump Y/N	No
Heavy vehicle access	Yes
Turnaround area	Yes
Supply comments	Water is captured from the roof and parking area of saleyards
Emergency access contact	Shire office 9821 9999 or Rod Bushell 0417 969 371

Glossary

Camlock A male hose coupling fixed for connection of a water hose. Camlocks

can be attached to fill points such as tanks, or standpipes to allow access to water supply. Camlock sizes vary from site to site and generally include 50 mm (2 inch) and 80 mm (3 inch) as a standard. At

some sites, a 100 mm (4 inch) camlock has been included for

firefighting purposes.

Catchment types

Earth – land cleared, cambered and compacted to provide a catchment

area for surface water.

Bitumen – catchment lined with bitumen to allow capture of surface

water.

Rock catchment – rock that slopes, has containment walls to capture

surface water to a storage source (e.g. a tank or a concrete dam).

Bore – a drilled casing that accesses groundwater to provide a water

supply.

CBH – water is captured from CBH grain silo storage facility and stored

in a dam or tank.

Fill point Location where a water supply can be accessed from using camlock

fittings either via standpipe, swipe card system, tank or bore.

Farm bot A device fitted to some tanks to regularly record the water level and

feed this information into a website. You can access this website at app.farmbot.com.au (Login ID: public.access Password: access1) to

see water tank levels for tanks fitted with farm bots.

Non-potable Water not suitable for human consumption.

Solar pump A pump powered via solar energy that pumps water from one location

to another (e.g. from dam to dam or from dam to tank).

Staff gauges A marker measuring tool positioned at surveyed depths in a dam to

indicate water levels.

Standpipe A pipe overhead, on a plinth or raised off the ground to provide a fill

point for water supply.

Swipe card A metered fill point requiring a card to be swiped to start pumping

system. Contact the LGA for further information.

Vesting Person or governing agency with responsibility for managing land.

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