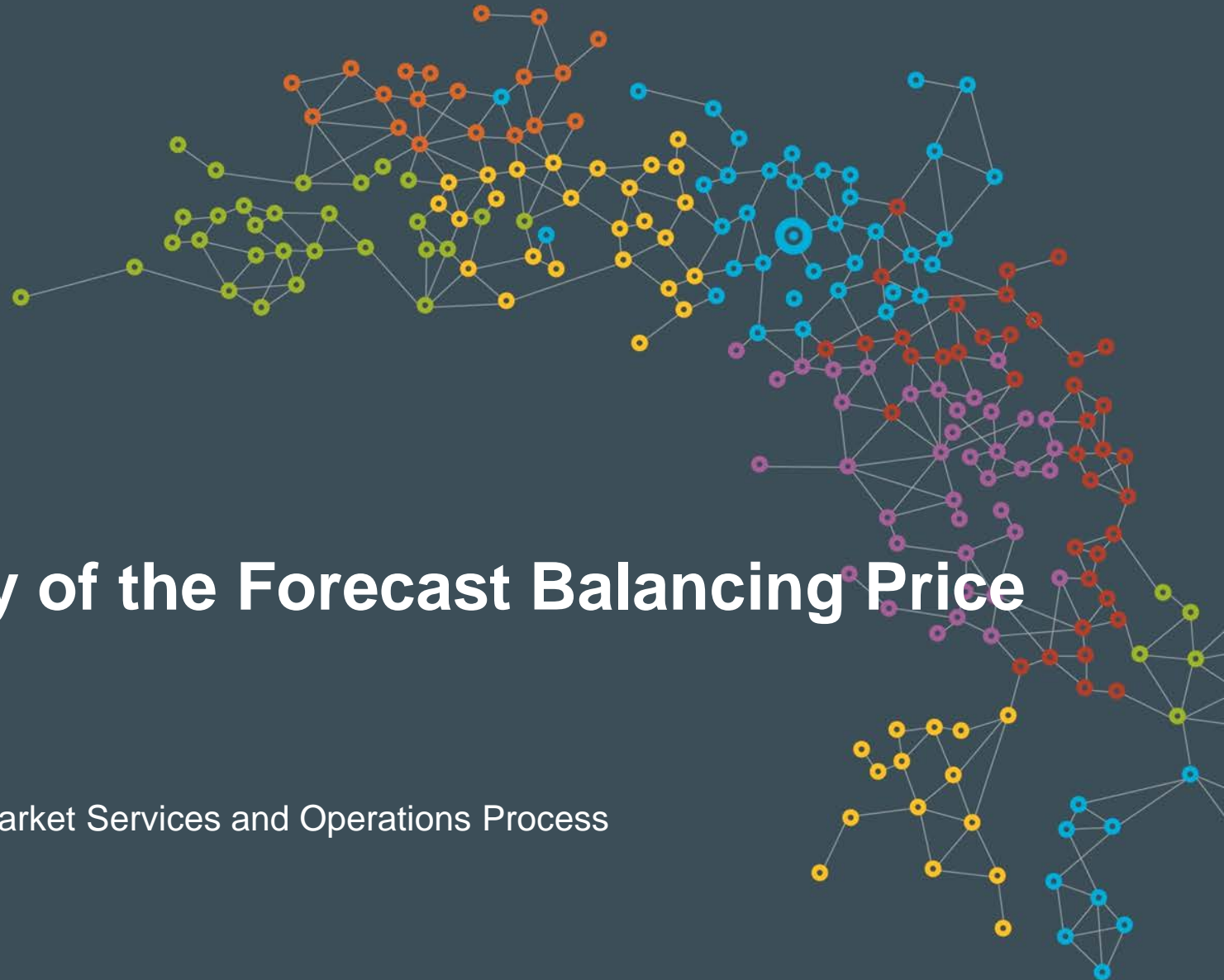




INDEPENDENT  
MARKET  
OPERATOR



# Accuracy of the Forecast Balancing Price

**Paul Tetley**

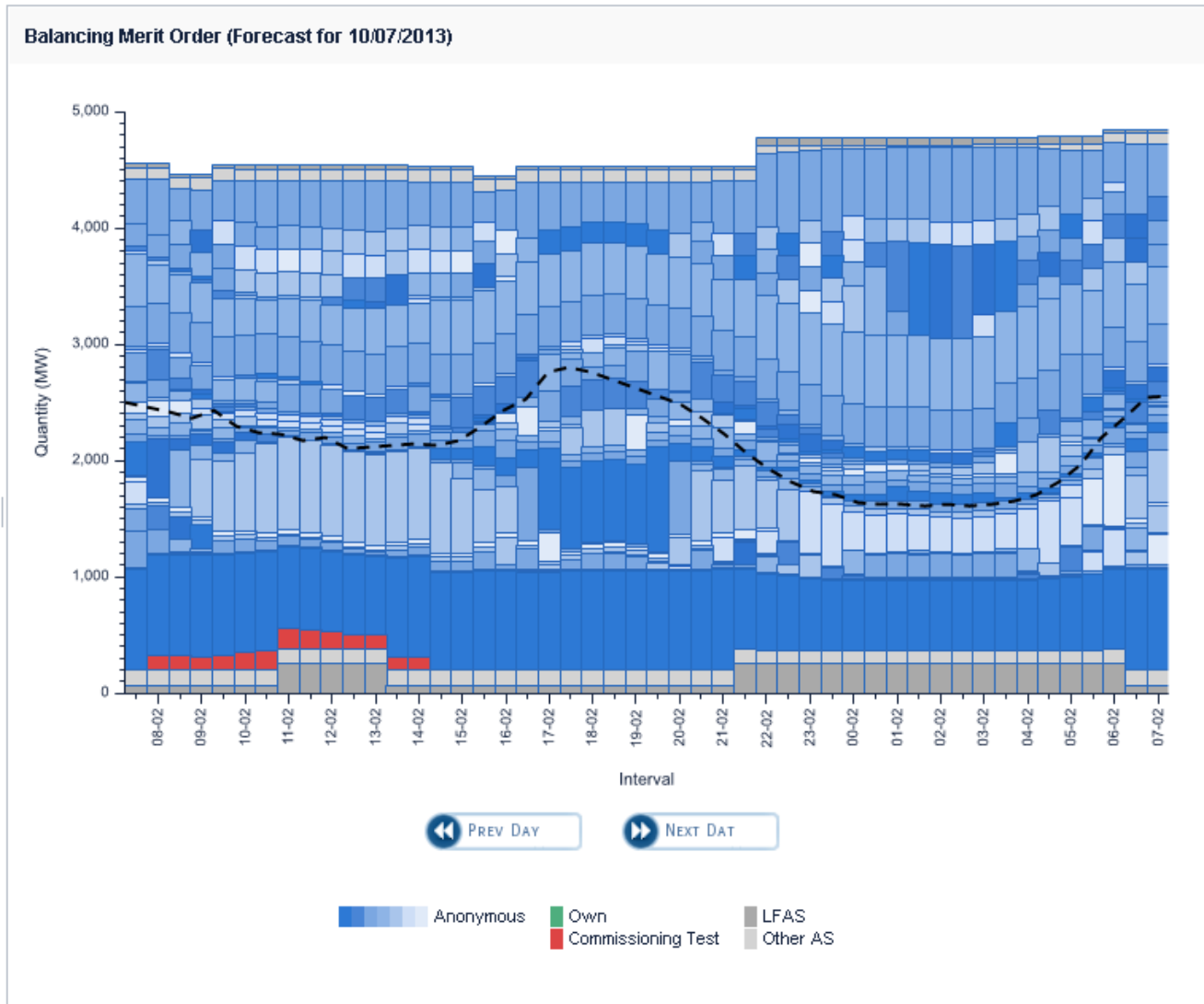
Team Leader – Market Services and Operations Process

March 2014

# Balancing Price Forecast

- IMO aims to produce a forecast balancing price in which participants can have confidence
- Basis for commercial decisions by participants
- Last year we determined the forecast could be better

# BMOs and load forecast for one trading day



# Forecasts

- The forecast BMO for each trading interval undergoes up to 75 revisions before we send the final forecast to SM. The most important of these are:
  - Last pre-gate-closure forecast. This is the last forecast you can act upon.
  - Final Forecast. This is the one SM dispatches from.
- BMO forecasts in conjunction with SM's load forecasts give a forecast balancing price
- Final balancing price calculated 3 business days after the Trading Day of the interval. Ramp-rate constrained.

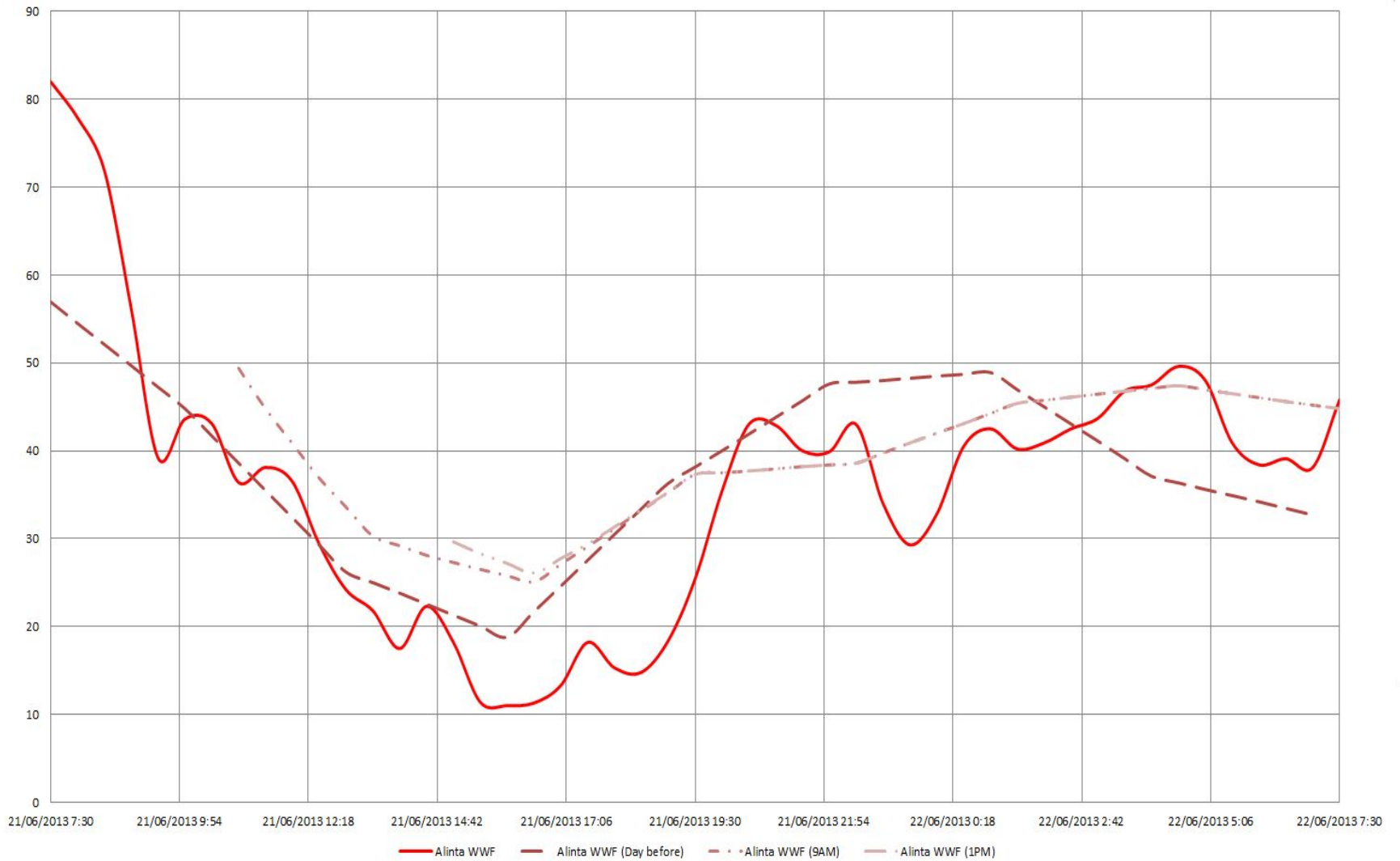
# What can go wrong?

- BMO stack subject to NSG error
  - Generating more or less than was offered in Balancing Submissions
- Load is higher or lower than forecast
- Either way, the LF intersects a different tranche and the BP changes

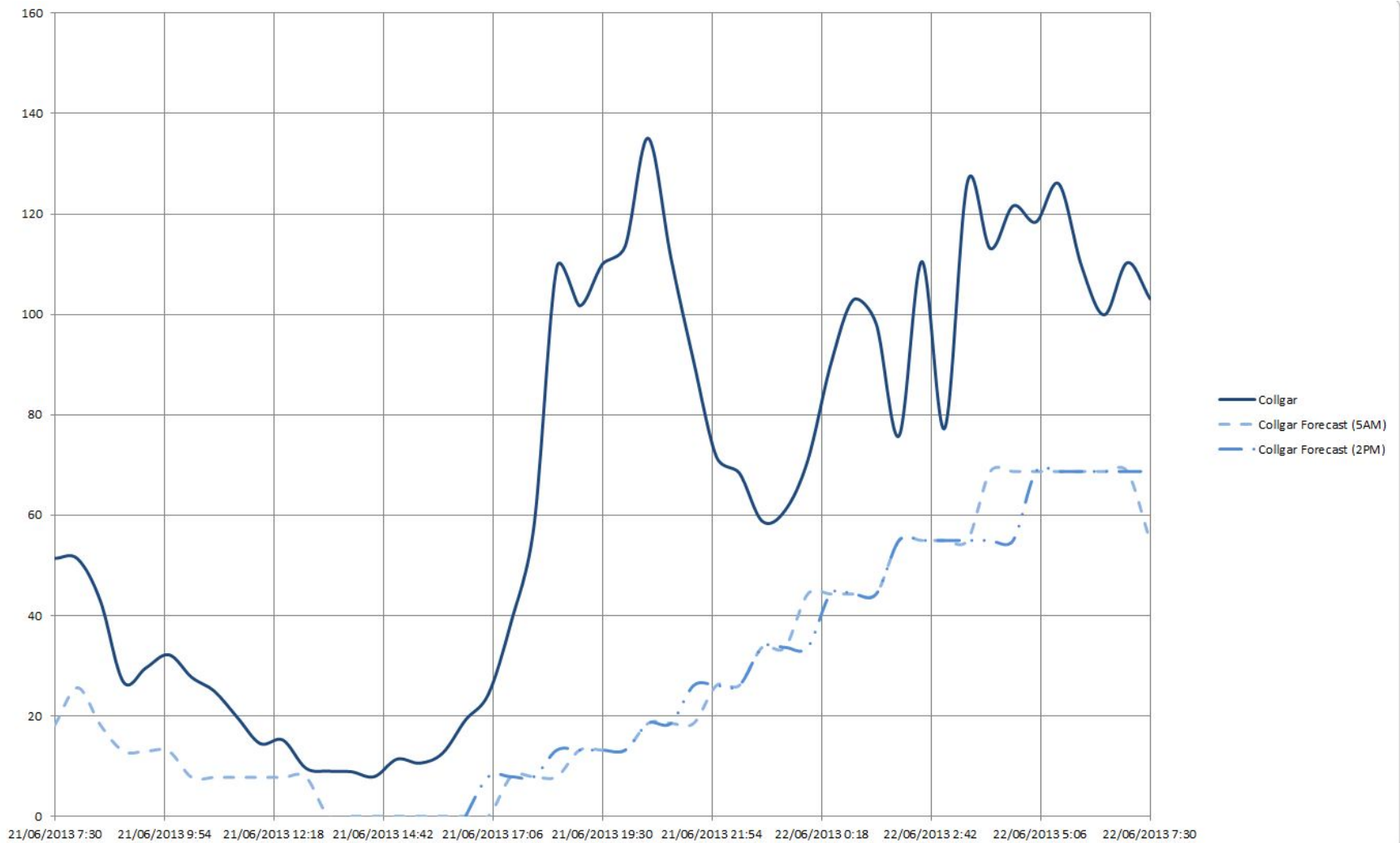
## Non Scheduled Generators

- It was observed in June 2013 that some large NSG's Balancing submissions were significantly different from their generation
- Errors of between 50 and 100MW per interval were common

# WWF

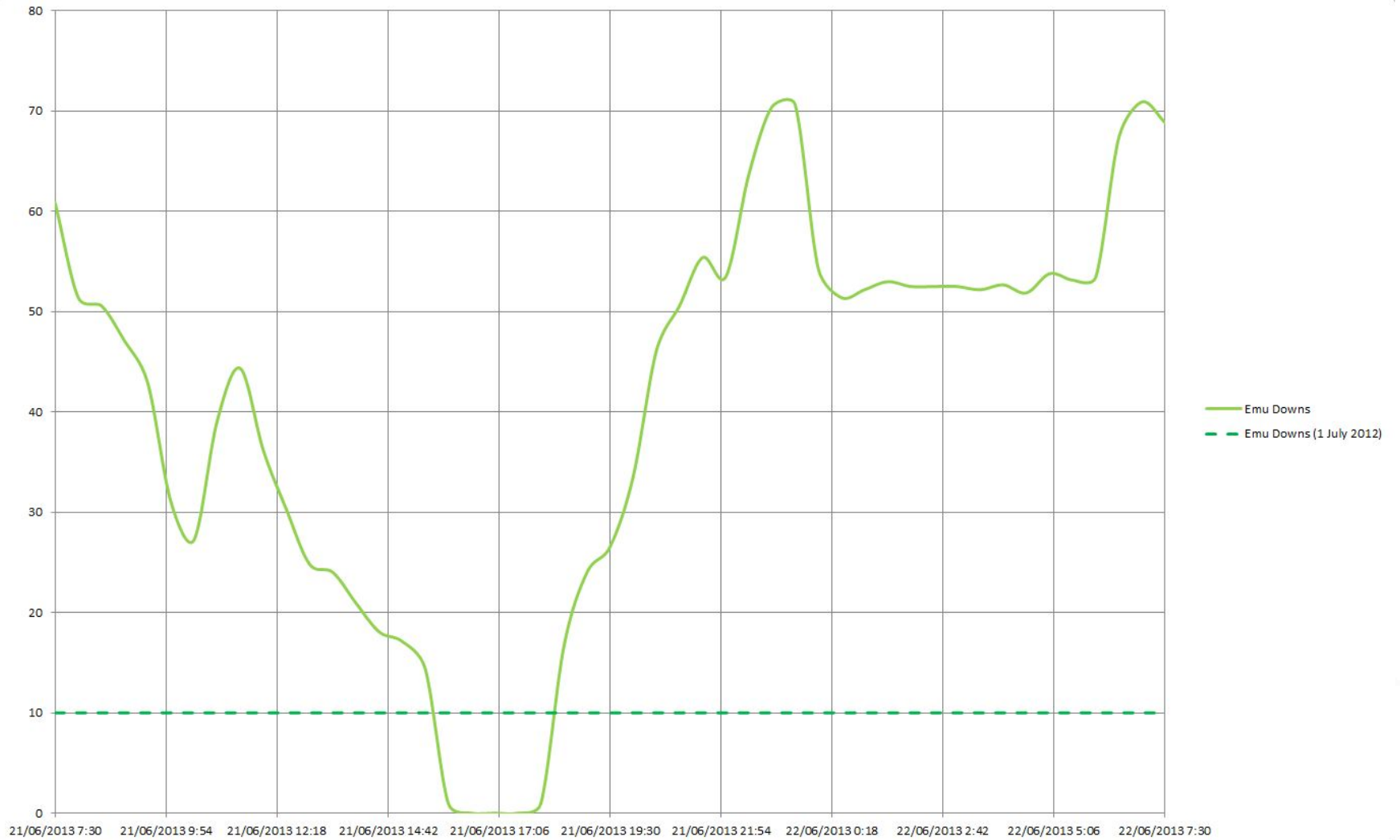


# Collgar

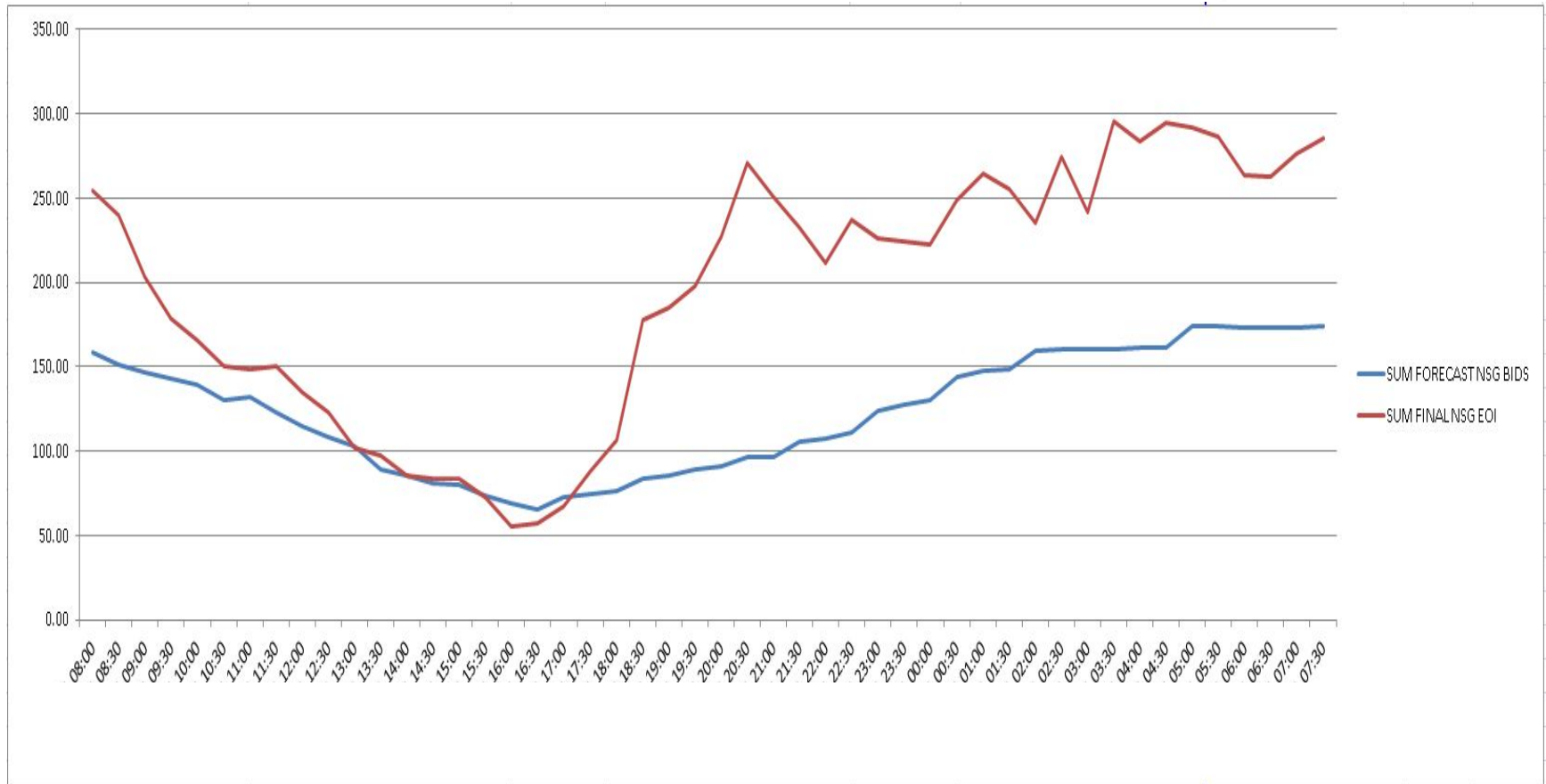




# EDWF

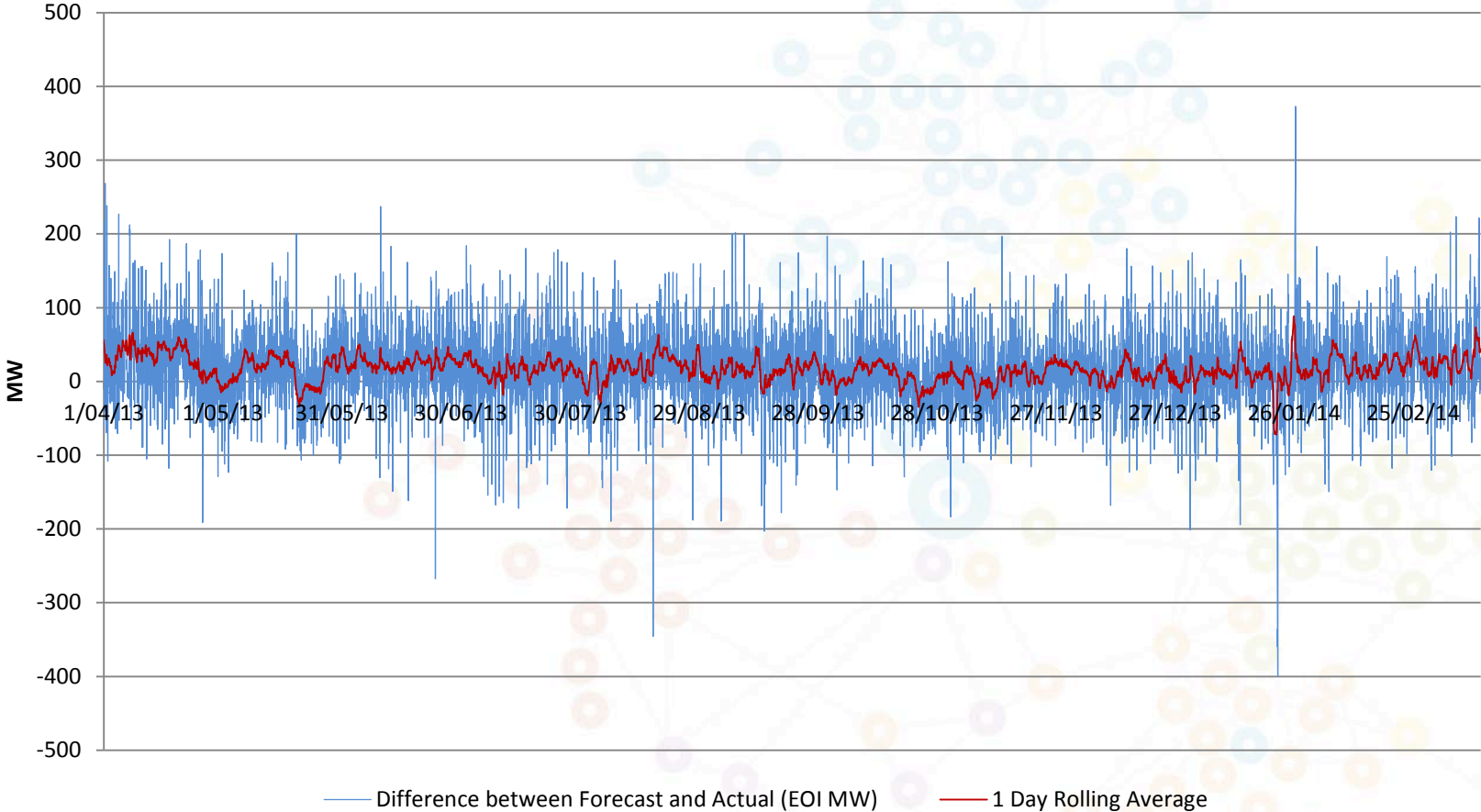


# Non Scheduled Generators – 21 June 2013



# Load forecast error

## Actual vs Forecast



# Price Sensitivity

- Input forecasts all result in MW errors (tranche quantity or load forecast)
- But price impact depends upon makeup of BMO.

– High Sensitivity - \$70 to \$120 step:



– Low Sensitivity – 200MW Tranche:

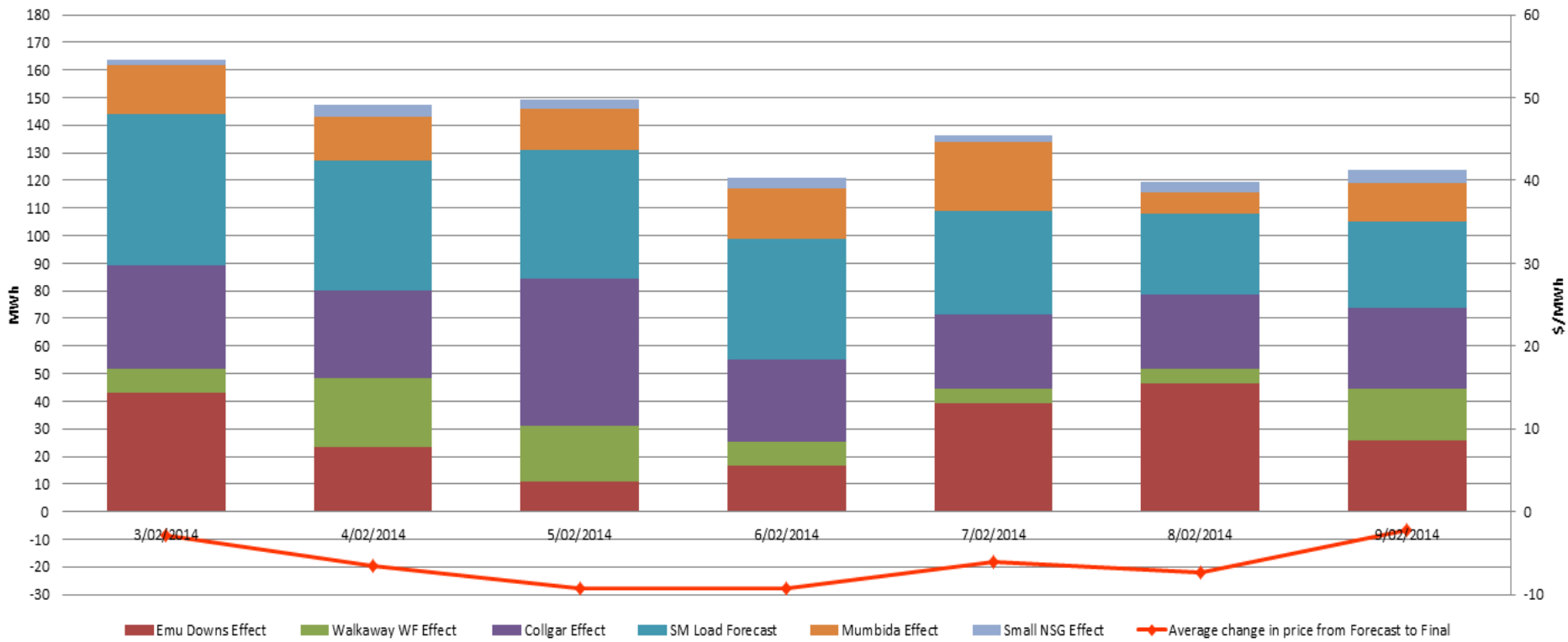


## Progress to Dec 2013

- Met with SM Forecasting team
  - Discussed systems/models/issues
  - Discussed future improvements
- Met with four largest wind farms in the SWIS:
  - Collgar, Walkaway, Emu Downs and Mumbida
- Collected various internal metrics which were interesting, but nothing was changing...

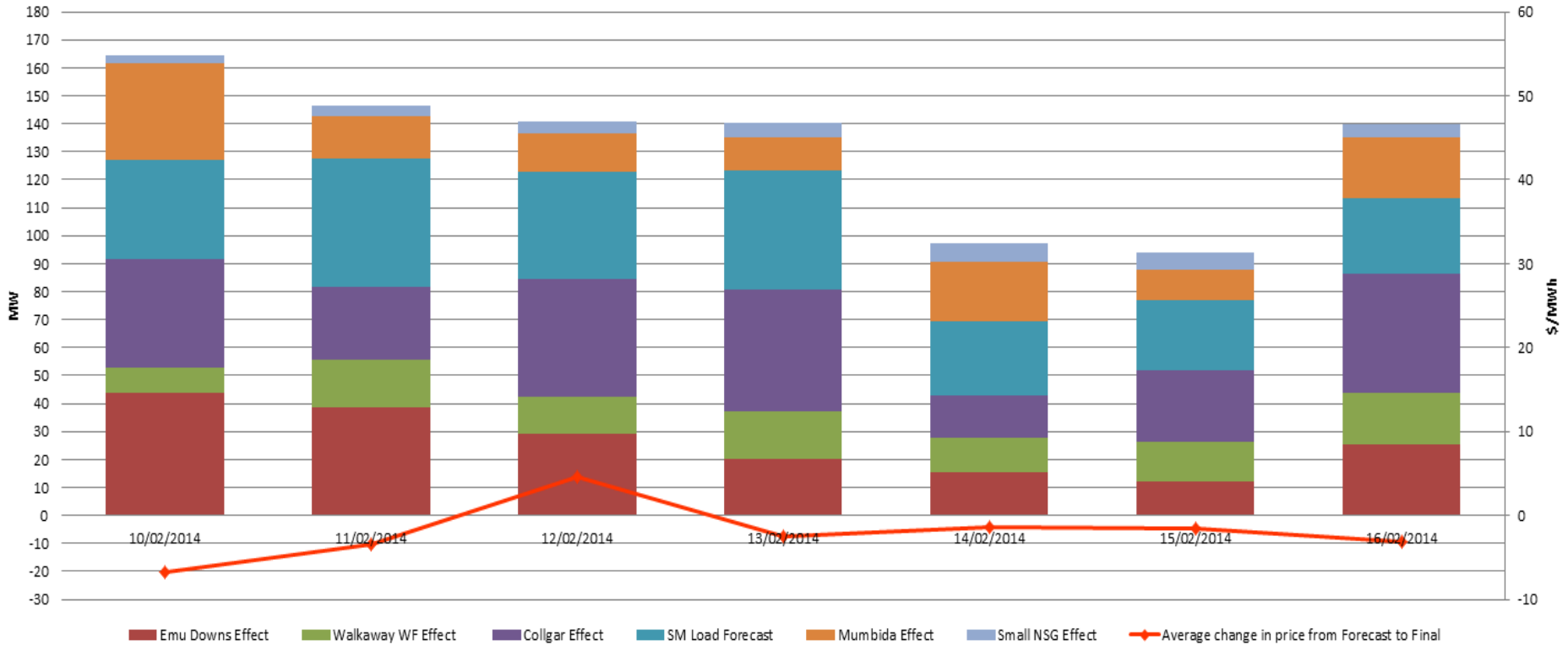
# 12 Feb 2014 First Mail-out

Average Daily Magnitude of Error in \$ and MW (Absolute)



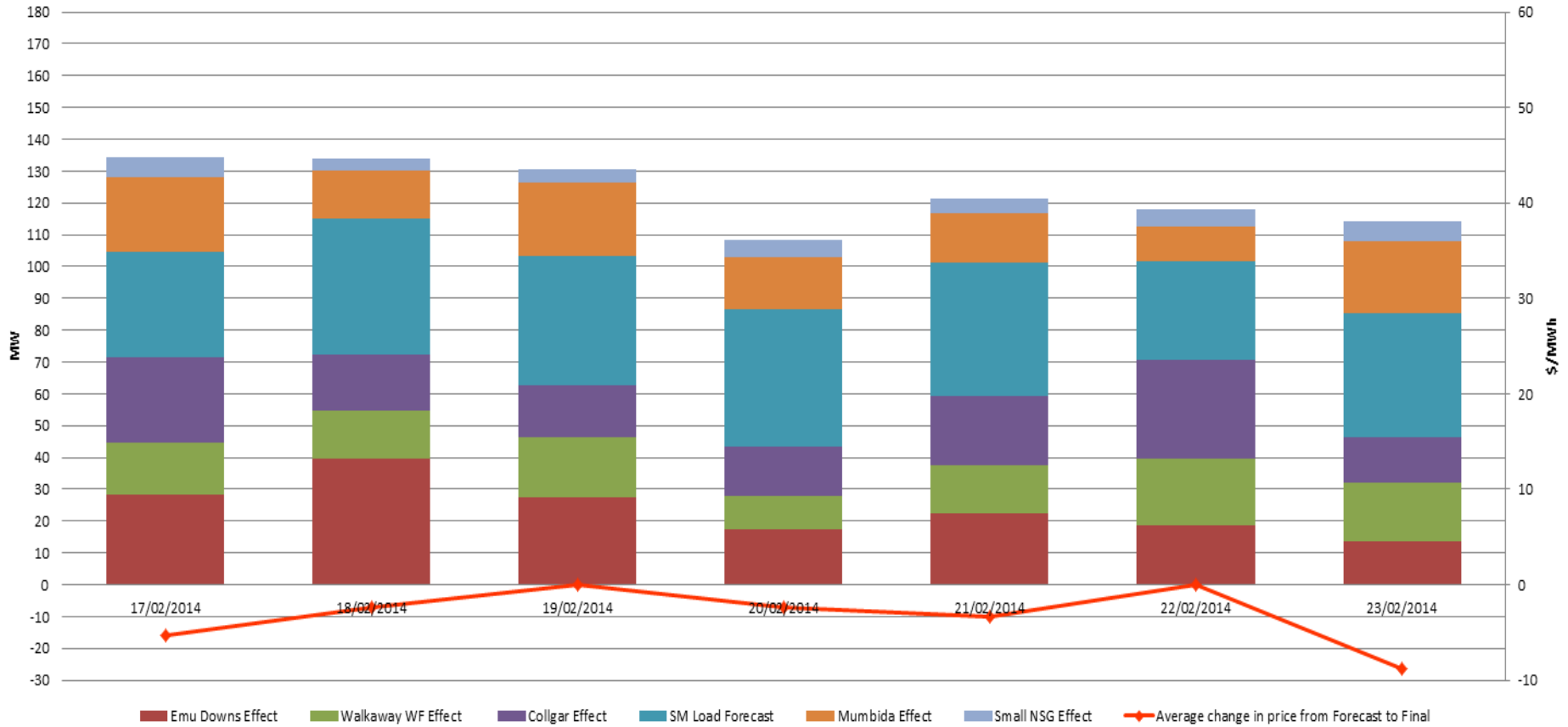
# 19 Feb 2014

Average Daily Magnitude of Error (Absolute) in \$ and MW



# 26 Feb 2014

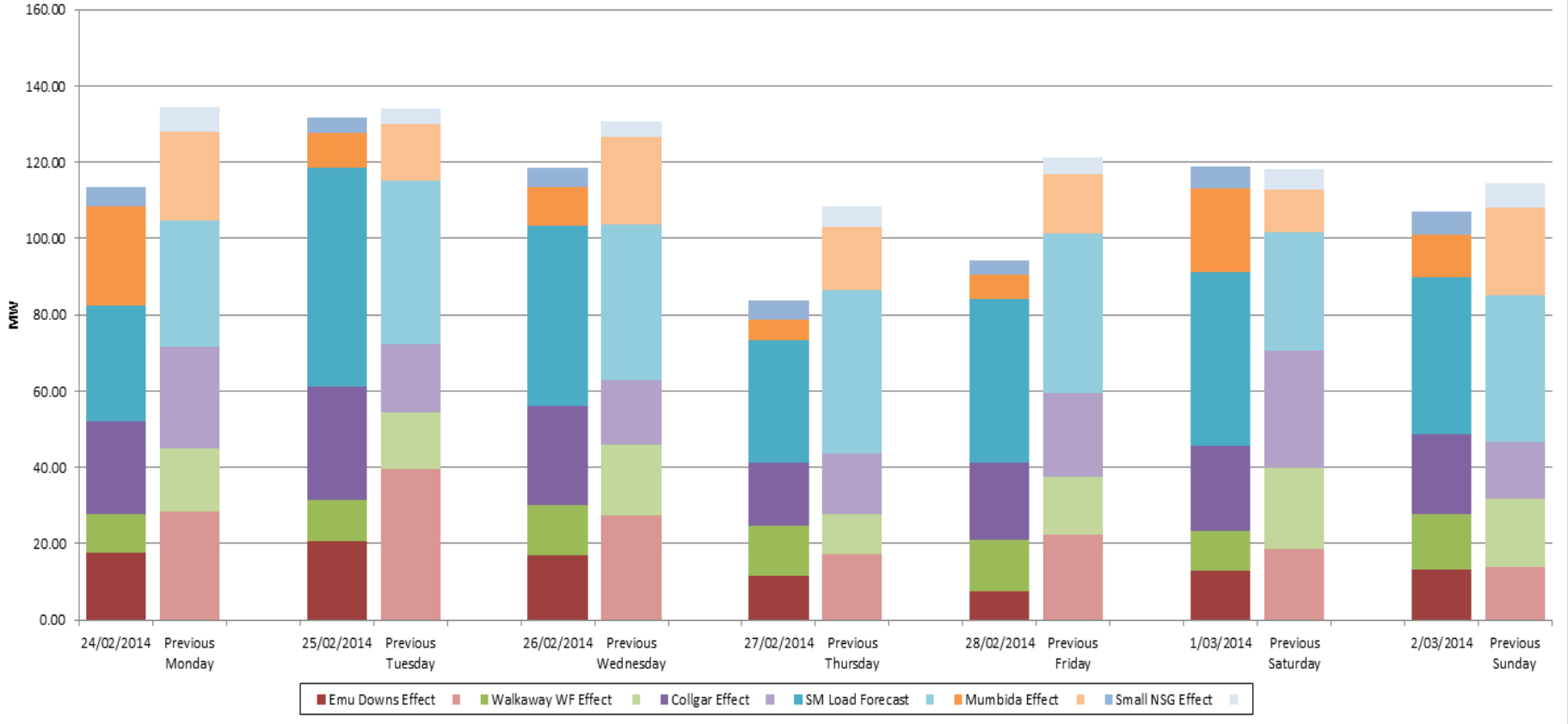
Average Daily Magnitude of Error (Absolute) in \$ and MW



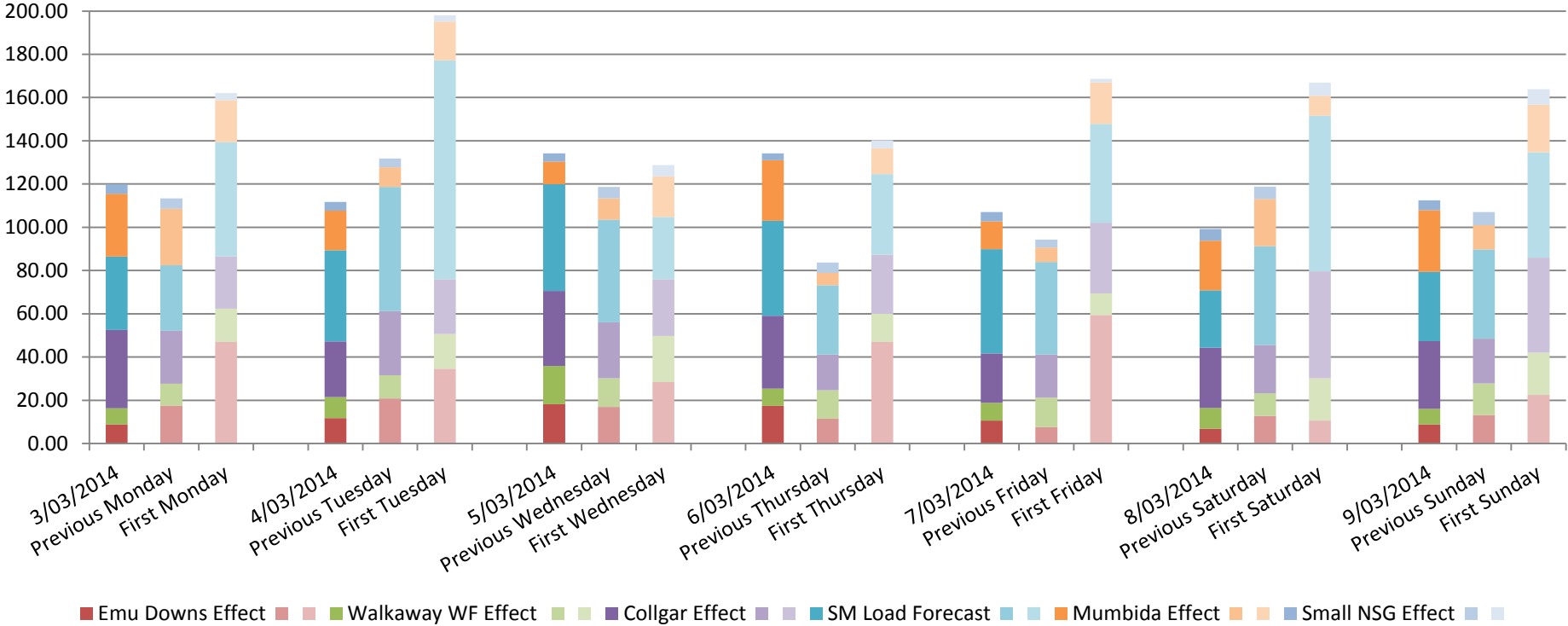


# 5 March 2014

Average Daily Magnitude of Error (Absolute) in MW

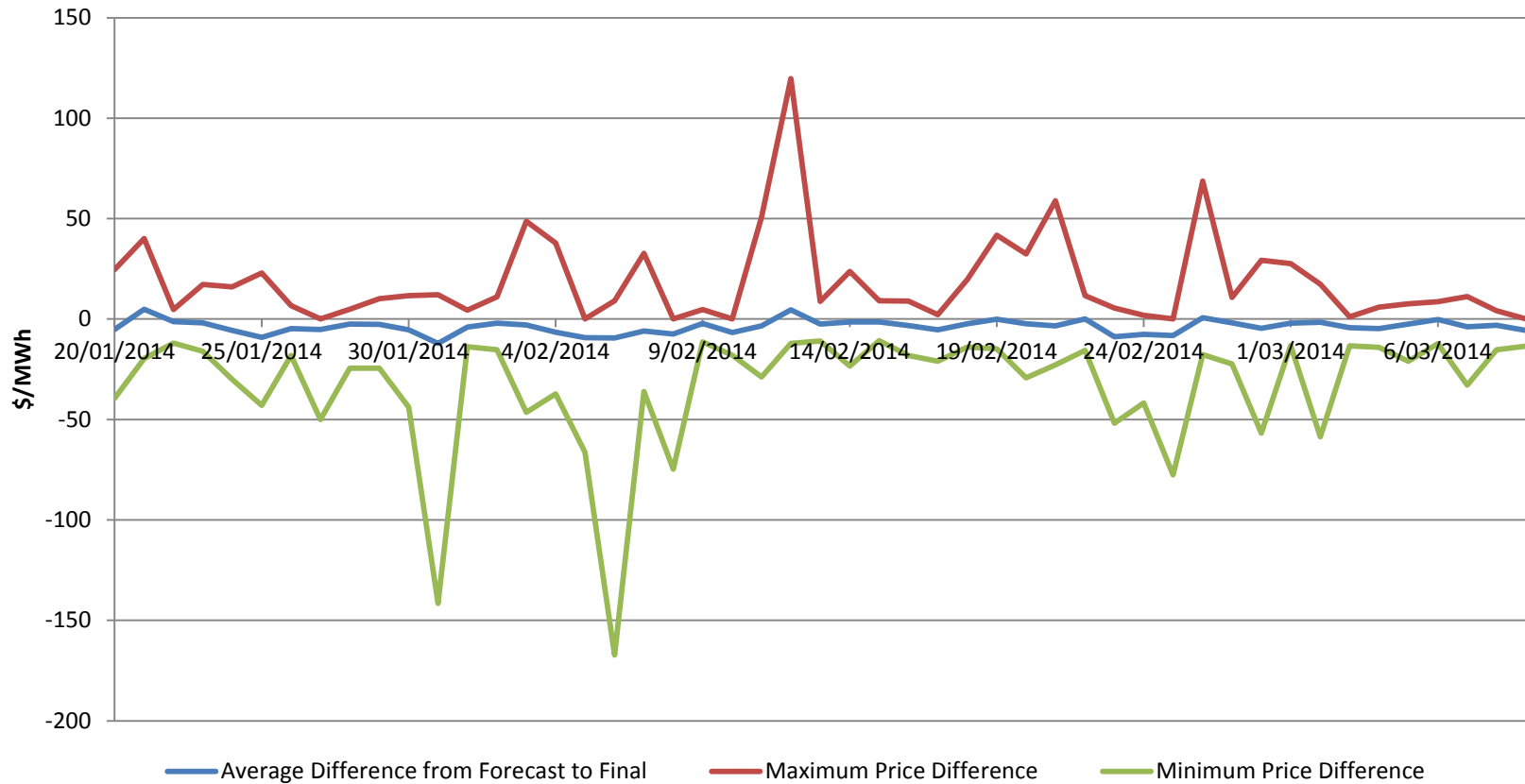


# 12 March 2014



# Improvement in Max/Min error

## Forecast Balancing Price Accuracy

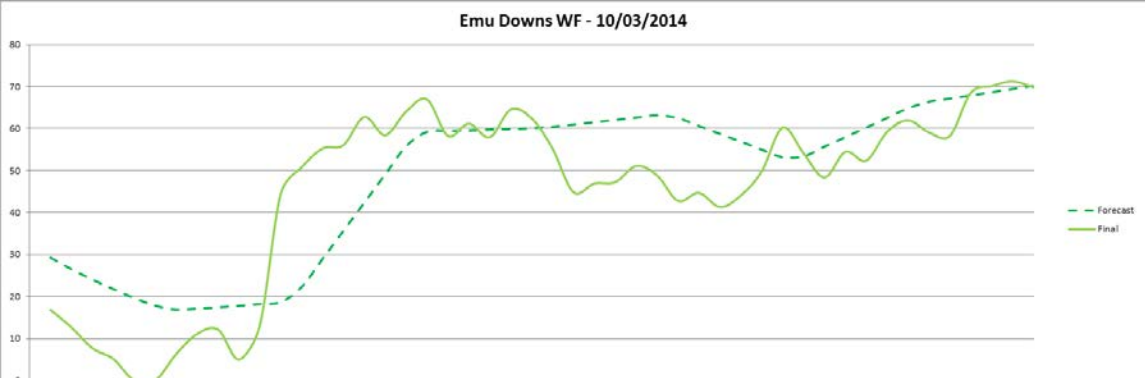


# Timeline

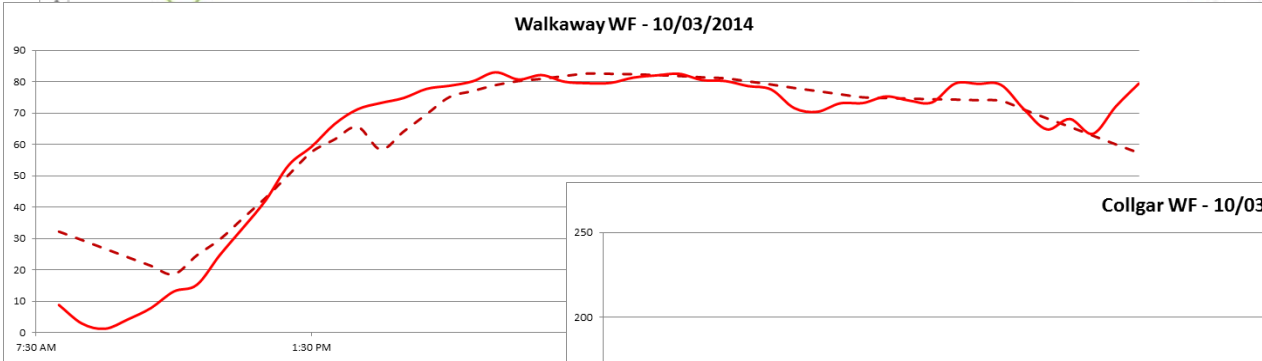
- June 2013 – IMO discussed internally the impact of NSG forecasts (BMO submissions)
- August 2013 – Commenced investigation and meetings with wind farms. Metrics capture. Improvement work commences.
- Feb 2014 Internal metrics shared; EDWF system upgrade
- Mar 2014 Clear improvements observed

# The present day...

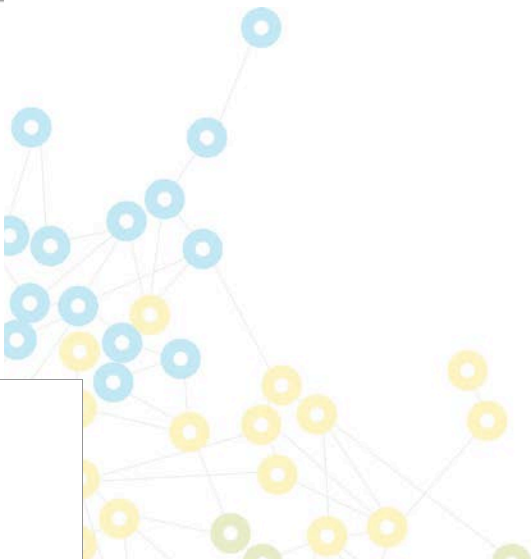
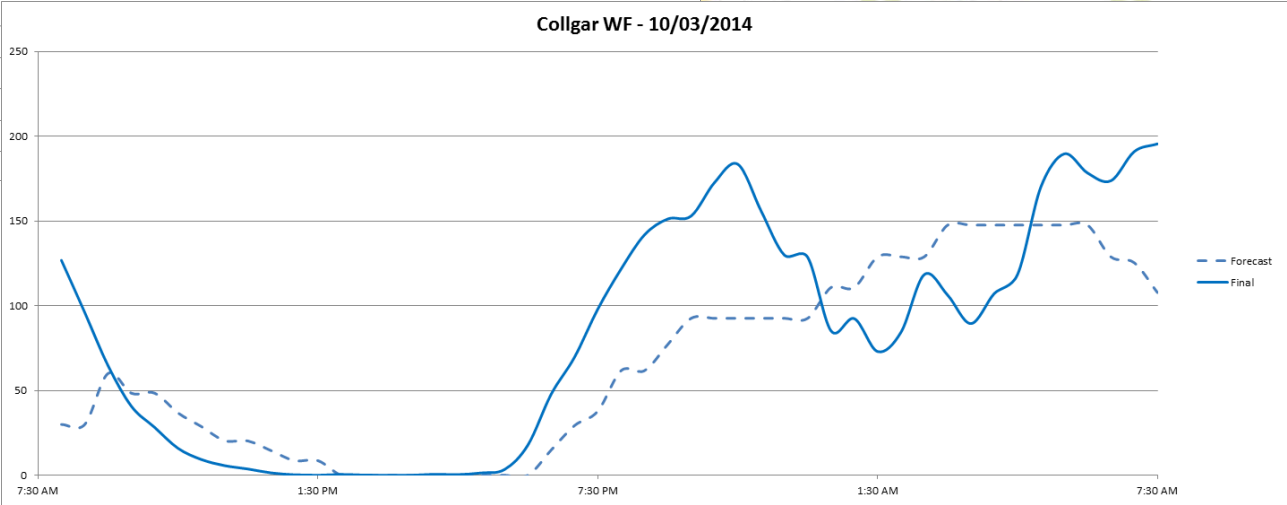
Emu Downs WF - 10/03/2014



Walkaway WF - 10/03/2014



Collgar WF - 10/03/2014



# Thanks

- The IMO can't directly improve this forecast.
- Thanks to Shane and EDWF for being the first mover. Your work has had a material impact.
- Thanks to System Management for coming along today to share your load forecasting issues.
- Thanks to other NSGs who are now undertaking upgrades – we look forward to seeing the benefits this will have for the WEM.

# Where to next?

- Continue mail-outs. Encourage participants to improve.
- Further NSG improvements expected in the next few months.
- More analysis:
  - Quality of earlier forecasts not yet thoroughly examined
  - Examine price gradient around the forecast load level. Are bidders moving in?
  - Long term expectations – when are we ‘done’?